## **Pre-appointment Checks Guidance**

This guidance is designed to be used by those responsible for organising or appointing new staff, volunteers, Governors, supply/agency staff, trainee teachers, self-employed individuals and contractors of services. It has been compiled using the ISI Handbook for the Inspection of Independent Schools (September 2023), Keeping Children Safe in Education document (DfE, September 2023), the statutory guidance issued by DfE in July 2018 regarding Disqualification under the Childcare Act 2006 (September 2018), and Working Together to Safeguard Children, (July 2018).

Supporting documentation and standard forms are available from the Personnel Department.

## **Table 1: Types of Checks**

The table in Appendix 1 confirms which checks need to be completed when i.e. prior to start date.

No.	Check	Detail	
1	Identity Checks	These are made against an official document such as a passport, driving licence or birth certificate. Photographic ide must be included, together with evidence of date of birth and address e.g. utility bill, bank statement or similar. Best praincludes checking the name on an individual's birth certificate, where this is available. Evidence of any name change also be required (if applicable) e.g. marriage certificate.  This check must be completed <b>prior to the individual starting</b> . A copy of the ID must be taken, signed and dated be member of staff who sees the original document to verify that this is a true copy of the original. This is retained in the control of the original document.	
2	Children's Barred List Check	Previously known as List 99, this is a list (held by the Disclosure and Barring Service) of the names of individuals who barred from working with children. This check is normally completed at the same time as the Enhanced DBS check vi DBS. This check must be completed <b>prior to the individual starting</b> .	
		It is an offence for anyone to work in a School without clearance against the Children's Barred List. Where a candidate is permitted to commence work before the DBS certificate is available, a separate children's barred list check will be completed by the Personnel Department, along with other safeguarding measures detailed below.  In order to do the check, identity must be provided to the Personnel Department that supports the candidate's name, date of birth, current address and all previous names where applicable.	

3	Enhanced Criminal Records Check	If a candidate has subscribed to the DBS Update service with a DBS certificate at the enhanced level (including Children's barred list), they will need to provide the school withthe DBS certificate used to register with the DBS Update service and give consent for theschool to make the online check in respect of whether any changes have occurred sincethe date of the disclosure provided. If the certificate is at enhanced level but does not include barring information for the children's workforce, a separate barred list check must be obtained by the Personnel Department prior to the individual starting.  For candidates who have not subscribed to the DBS Update service, the individual must have completed a Disclosure application form prior to starting and this must have beensubmitted to DBS prior to the individual starting. Ideally, clearance should be receivedprior to the individual starting.  A short period of work is allowed under controlled conditions, "at the Head's discretion", (NB for practical reasons, at Bolton School this has been extended to include "at the Senior Manager's discretion") and if an 'enhanced disclosure' is delayed, a Head, (or Senior Manager) may allow the member of staff to commence work:  - without confirming the appointment;  - after a satisfactory check of the barred list if the person will be working in regulatedactivity and all other relevant checks having been completed satisfactorily;  - provided that the DBS application has been made in advance;  - with appropriate safeguards taken (for example, loose supervision). The safeguardsshould be determined through risk assessment;  - safeguards reviewed at least every two weeks;  - the person in question is informed what these safeguards are. It is recommended, but not a requirement that a note is added to the single central register and evidencekept of the measures put in place.  If this is not possible, their start will need to be delayed.  In the case of staff who work in EYFS settings, if the enhanced disclosure is not received prior
3.1	Overseas	DBS checks will still be requested for candidates with recent periods of overseas residence and those with little or no
J.1	checks, where appropriate	previous UK residence. The School will take into account the "DBS unusual addresses guide" in such circumstances.
		For candidates who are living overseas, or who have lived overseas previously, obtaining DBS certificate may be insufficient to establish their suitability to work at the School. All candidates will be required to provide details of time spent living overseas during theiradult life, including dates, duration and country (or countries). This will then be risk assessed and where identified (three months or more in the last ten years is used as a minimum), staff will be required to provide

		additional information about their suitabilityfrom the country (or countries) in which they have lived.	
		When requesting such information, the School has regard to relevant government guidance and will therefore always require the candidate to apply for a formal check from the country in question i.e. a criminal records check (or equivalent) or a certificate of good conduct.	
		The School recognises that formal checks are not available from some countries, that they can be significantly delayed or that a response may not be provided. In such circumstances the School will seek to obtain further information from the country in question, such as a reference from any employment undertaken in that country.	
		A candidate may commence work pending receipt of a formal check from a particular country if it has received a reference and/or letter of professional standing from that country and considers the candidate suitable to start work. Decisions on suitability will be based on all of the information that has been obtained during the recruitment process.	
		Where a candidate has worked in a school in the UK since returning from overseas, the standard checks can be made for subsequent appointments.	
4	Right to Work in the UK	Evidence of this must be provided <b>prior to the individual starting</b> . The easiest form of evidence is an eligible passport. A list of other valid evidence, as determined by the UK Border Agency, is available from the Personnel Department. A copy of the evidence provided should be taken, signed and dated by the member of staff who sees the original document to verify that this is a true copy of the original. This is retained by the Personnel Department.	
5	Two References	At least two references will be taken up on shortlisted candidates prior to interview where possible, including a request for any reason why the candidate should not be employed for work with children. In exceptional circumstances if a reference is taken over the telephone, detailed notes should be taken, and the note dated and signed. Thenotes taken must include details of responses in relation to all the questions on the School's reference request form, particularly to include whether there is any reason whythe individual may not be suitable to work with children. References should be checked on receipt to ensure that all specific questions have been answered satisfactorily, with appropriate follow-up where required. References not received in good time before appointment should be chased by telephone and alternative referees approached if needed. References must be received <b>prior to the individual starting</b> .	
		One of the references must be from the candidate's current or most recent employerand should be from a senior person with appropriate authority (in a position to be aware of issues), not usually just a colleague.	
		If the current/most recent employment does/did not involve work with children, then the second reference should be	

		from the employer with whom the candidate most recently worked with children. Referees should not be a relative or someone known to the candidate solely as a friend.  References must always be requested directly from the referee. Open references or testimonials e.g. 'To whom it may concern' must not be relied upon.  All references will be compared against any information given on the application form. Any discrepancies or inconsistencies in the information will be taken up with the candidate and the relevant referee before any appointment is confirmed.  Electronic references should be verified to ensure they originate from a legitimate source.
6	Previous Employment History	This check is no longer specified in the ISI regulations but is required as part of having regard to KCSIE. NB Having regard permits some flexibility where there is good reason which should be used rarely and only for the benefit of the pupils, not the Foundation.  Information about previous employment must be provided in the form of an application form. A CV will only be accepted alongside an application form. Checks of previous employment history should ascertain satisfactory reasons for any gaps in employment. The information provided by the candidate should be checked against references subsequently received, and discrepancies raised with the candidate.
7	Qualifications	Original certificates for qualifications that are a requirement for the post or a candidatehas claimed to hold as part of the recruitment process should be seen <b>prior to the individual starting</b> . A copy of the certificates should be taken, signed and dated by the member of staff who sees the original document to verify that this is a true copy of the original. Copies are retained by the Personnel Department.
8	Medical Fitness	The Foundation must satisfy itself of the candidate's mental and physical fitness to carryout the duties of the post for which they have applied. This will be provided by completion of the School's medical declaration, issued from the Personnel Department, and the subsequent clearance by the Personnel Department. If medical conditions are declared by the candidate these will be discussed with the Line Manager and clearance sought from them. Clearance should be received prior to the individual starting.
9	Prohibition Orders, Directions, Sanctions and Restrictions	Prohibition orders and interim prohibition orders prevent a person from carrying out teaching/coaching/assessing and reporting on progress as a part of their work in schools. Prohibition orders and interim prohibition orders are made by the Secretary of State following consideration by a professional conduct panel convened by the TRA.  Where a candidate is not currently prohibited from teaching but has been the subject of a referral to, or hearing before,

the Teaching Regulation Agency (or other equivalent body), whether or not that resulted in the imposition of a sanction, or where a sanction has lapsed or been lifted, the School will consider whether the facts of the case render the candidate unsuitable to work at the School.

The School applies the definition of "teaching work" set out in the Teachers' Disciplinary (England) Regulations 2012, which state that the following activities amount to "teaching work":

- planning and preparing lessons and courses for pupils
- delivering lessons to pupils
- assessing the development, progress and attainment of pupils; and
- reporting on the development, progress and attainment of pupils.

The above activities do not amount to "teaching work" if they are supervised by a qualified teacher or other person nominated by the Head. If in any doubt or if the candidate has taught previously, or may teach in future, the check will be undertaken, including for sports coaches.

The check is done using the Teaching Regulation Agency Teacher Services system **prior to the individual starting** and can be done using the Teacher's Reference Number (TRN) or their surname. Identity must be provided to the Personnel Department that supports the individual's name and DOB.

Where a candidate for a teaching position has worked as a teacher outside of the UK, the School will ask the candidate to obtain from the professional regulating authority of the teaching profession in each country in which they have worked as a teacher, evidence which confirms that they have not imposed any sanctions or restrictions on the candidate and that they are not aware of any reason why the candidate may be unsuitable to work as a teacher. The School will also ask shortlisted candidates (and their referees) to disclose whether they have ever been referred to, or are the subject of a sanction issued by, the regulator of the teaching profession in the countries in which they have carried out teaching work.

Sanctions and restrictions issued by the regulating authority of another country will not prevent a person from working as a teacher at the School. However, the School will take all relevant information into account in determining whether a candidate is suitable to work at the School.

The School may allow a candidate to commence work pending receipt of a formal check from a particular country if it has received a reference and/or letter of professional standing from that country and considers the candidate suitable to start work. Decisions on suitability will be based on all of the information that has been obtained during the recruitment process. Unless expressly waived by the School, continued employment will remain conditional upon the School being provided with the outcome of the formal check and it being considered satisfactory.

If no information is available from a particular country the School may allow a candidate to commence work if they are

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		considered suitable based on all of the information that has been obtained during the recruitment process.	
		The School will take proportionate risk-based decisions on a person's suitability in these circumstances. All suitability assessments must be documented and retained on file.	
		If the formal check is delayed and the School is not satisfied about the candidate's suitability in the absence of that information, the candidate's proposed start date may be delayed until the formal check is received.	
10	Disqualification from Childcare – Staff Suitability Checks	Staff in schools, (including regular volunteers and students), who work in a childcare provision (early years provision and/or those who provide out of school care for childrenwho have not attained the age of 8) or who are directly concerned with the management of such provision, will need to complete a form in which they answer questions and signa declaration to demonstrate that they are safe to work with children. This must be completed and received by the Personnel Department prior to the individual starting.	
11	Prohibition from management of independent	The Secretary of State has powers to bar people from taking part in the management of an independent school. The popular to September 2014 was under section 142 of the Education Act 2002, and related only to misconduct. S September 2014 the powers have been strengthened under section 128 of the Education and Skills Act 2008.	
	schools directions	This check applies to those appointed to positions <b>from 12/08/15</b> and applies not only to proprietors and Governors but to all posts of a leadership nature in an independent school including Headteachers, all staff on the senior leadership team (including non- teaching staff) and teaching positions with departmental headship.	
		The School will carry out checks for section 128 directions when appointing candidatesinto management positions from both outside the School and by internal promotion.	
		This check has to be completed by Personnel through the Disclosure and Barring Serviceand/or the TRA's Employer Access service prior to the individual starting.	
12	Online Searches	An online check will be completed on all shortlisted candidates by a member of staff who will not be involved in the interview process. The purpose of the check is to help identify any incidents or issues that have happened, and are publicly available online. Any incidents or issues identified will be explored with candidates at interview before a decision is made regarding their suitability. This must be completed <b>prior to interview and the individual starting.</b>	
13	Disqualification from acting as a charity trustee	Under the Charities Act 2011 it is a criminal offence for a person to act as a trustee or senior manager of a charity when disqualified from doing so. The Charities Act 2011 setsout the grounds on which a person can be disqualified from acting as a trustee or seniormanager. These include various spent and unspent criminal offences and other sanctions. A person is	

or senior manager	considered to be a charity trustee if they are one of the people who have general control and management of the administration of the charity. Seniormanagers include those employees who report directly to the charity trustees or have responsibility for the overall management and control of the charity's finances. At the School the disqualification rules will be applicable to all governors, the Head of Foundation and Clerk and Treasurer.
	There is no single list or register that covers all of the disqualification criteria and the School therefore adopts a pragmatic approach to checking whether a person is disqualified. This is achieved by the use of a self-declaration form and the checking of relevant publicly accessible registers <b>prior to the individual starting.</b>

#### **Definitions**

The September 2022 ISI regulations state, on pages 83 - 84 that "currently there is more than one definition of 'regulated activity' which is relevant to schools. The following are those most relevant and in the order of most relevance to schools.

### 1 - ALL REGULAR WORK FOR SCHOOLS WITH OPPORTUNITY FOR CONTACT WITH CHILDREN IS REGULATED ACTIVITY except

- Work (not entailing personal care, e.g. toileting, dressing within definition 2) by supervised volunteers
- Work (not entailing care or teaching, within definitions 2 or 3) by occasional/temporary contractors
- Work by pupils for other pupils (excepting for those in early years) (known as 'the peer exemption').

#### 2 - Relevant personal care, or health care is regulated activity.

- Personal care includes helping a child, for reasons of age, illness or disability, with eating or drinking, or in connection with toileting, washing, bathing and dressing e.g. in Nursery, Beech House and Kidzone;
- Health care means care for children provided by or under the direction or supervision of, a regulated health care professional.

Note that care within this definition is always regulated; considerations of regularity and supervision do not apply.

## 3 - Regular, unsupervised teaching, training, instructing, caring for or supervising children is regulated activity, and so is regularly

- Providing advice or guidance for children on well-being, or
- Driving a vehicle only for children

# Deciding whether a person is engaging in regulated activity Key questions:

- Is the activity they will do 'work'? (A person, for example, visiting the head or their own child would not be working.)
- Is the work regular? (See definition of 'regular' below)
- Does it give rise to opportunity for contact with children? (This applies whether or not that contact is required by the work and whether or not it actually takes place. The issue is whether there is 'opportunity'.)
- Is the work for the purposes of the school? (This would not include, for example, those working for bodies hiring premises for other purposes out of school hours.)

If the answer to all these questions is "yes", the person is working in regulated activity unless an exception as below applies:

- Is the person a volunteer?
  - o If so, does their work involve personal care of pupils? (See definition of personal care, above.)
    - If so, the volunteer is engaged in regular activity because personal care work is always regulated activity.
- If not, are they supervised? (See supervision guidance below.)
  - If so, the volunteer is not engaged in regulated activity as a supervised volunteer, not doing personal care work, is not in regulated activity.
- Is the person a contractor?
  - o If so, are they administering personal care or heath care, as defined? [These are always regulated activity.]
  - o If not, are they teaching pupils? [Regular teaching is always regulated activity.]
  - o If not teaching work, is the contract for occasional or temporary non-teaching work (such as, a quick plumbing task a few hours or a day)? (There is no definition of 'occasional or temporary' but see the definition of 'regular'.)
    - If so, the contractor is not in regulated activity as non-teaching work by occasional or temporary contractors is not regulated activity.

### A note about School holiday periods:

Following a risk assessment, Bolton School has adopted the following approach when deciding whether an individual is in regulated activity during the school holiday periods: The criteria relating to Bolton School being a specified establishment does not apply during the school holidays since there is not the opportunity for unsupervised contact with children. The children who are present during the school holiday periods i.e. children attending Kidzone or BSSL Leisure clubs are always supervised by a person in regulated activity. Individuals therefore who are solely working during the school holiday periods will not be considered to be in regulated activity. This is relevant for the following groups of individuals; new permanent staff without DBS clearance who are not working with children, contractors, volunteers and casual workers who are not working with children.

<sup>2</sup>Regularly: frequently - once a week or more often, on four or more days in a 30-day period, or overnight between the hours of 2am and 6am and the opportunity for face to face contact with children.

<sup>3</sup>Supervision: This applies when the Foundation decides to supervise with the aim that the supervised work will not be regulated activity (when it would be, if not so supervised). In such a case, the law makes three main points:

- •there must be supervision by a person who is in regulated activityiii;
- •the supervision must be regular and day to day; and
- the supervision must be 'reasonable in all the circumstances to ensure the protection of children'.

The Foundation must have regard to this guidance. This gives Heads and Managers the flexibility to determine what is reasonable for their circumstances. While the precise nature and level of supervision will vary from case to case, guidance on the main legal points above is as follows:

Supervision by a person in regulated activity/regular and day to day: supervisors must be in regulated activity themselves<sup>iv</sup>. The duty that

supervision must take place 'on a regular basis' means that supervision must not, for example, be concentrated during the first few weeks of an activity and then tail off thereafter, becoming the exception not the rule. It must take place on an ongoing basis, whether the worker has just started or has been doing the activity for some time.

Reasonable in the circumstances: within the statutory duty, the level of supervision may differ, depending on all the circumstances of a case. Heads and Managers should consider the following factors in deciding the specific level of supervision required in an individual case:

- ages of the children, including whether their ages differ widely;
- number of children that the individual is working with;
- whether or not other workers are helping to look after the children;
- the nature of the individual's work (or, in a specified place such as a school, the individual's opportunity for contact with children);
- how vulnerable the children are (the more they are, the more the Head/Line Manager might opt for workers to be in regulated activity);
- how many workers would be supervised by each supervising worker.

In law, The Foundation has no entitlement to do a Children's Barred List check on a worker who, because they are supervised, is not in regulated activity.

iii If the work is in a specified place such as a school, paid workers remain in regulated activity even if supervised.

iv In future, the Government plans to commence a statutory duty on an organisation arranging regulated activity (under the 2006 Act or 2007 Order, both as amended) to check that a person entering regulated activity is not barred from regulated activity; and plans to commence a stand-alone barring check service by the new Disclosure and Barring Service.

v A volunteer is: a person who performs an activity which involves spending time, unpaid (except for travel and other approved out-of-pocket expenses), doing something which aims to benefit someone (individuals or groups) other than or in addition to close relatives.

Table 2: Checks required for different groups of individuals.

Any offers of employment/engagement must be conditional upon receiving the required checks if the checks have not been completed at the time of the offer.

Туре	Detail	Checks required (see table above)
2.1 Employee working on a regular basis NB This does not include supply staff through an agency or volunteers.	Permanent, temporary, casual or supply staff employed and paid directly by the School through the payroll system. Any person working at the School whether under a contract of employment, under a contract for services or otherwise than under a contract on a regular (see definition above) basis.  Information about checks 1, 2, 3, 3.1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 on staff must be entered onto the single central register. NB See note in final column re checks 10 and 11.	1-9. (9 is for teaching staff only). Staff in schools, (including regular volunteers and students), who work in early years provision and those who provide out of school care for children who have not attained the age of 8, will need check 10. Staff appointed to all posts of a leadership nature will need check 11.  12 for all shortlisted candidates.
2.1 Employee not working on a regular basis NB This does not include supply	Permanent, temporary, casual or supply staff employed and paid directly by the School through the payroll system. Any person working at the School whether under a contract of employment, under a contract for services or otherwise than under a contract <u>not</u> on a <u>regular</u> (see definition above) basis.	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 plus documentation about supervision arrangements.  Staff in schools, who work in early
staff through an agency or volunteers.	A suitable risk assessment should be undertaken but generally if they are not working on a regular basis and are supervised by suitably checked school staff, they are classed as not in regulated activity. The full range of checks is still required though <b>except</b> barred list and on occasions criminal records check. NB ISI Para 584 states "Staff not in regulated activity are still staff and are now clearly covered by the regulations and KCSIE. Staff who are not in regulated activity do not require barred list checks. But other checks must still be undertaken as required by the <u>standard</u> , and KCSIE likewise requires full use of applicable vetting checks including enhanced criminal records checks (without barred list information) if indicated by a risk assessment for new	years provision and those who provide out of school care for children who have not attained the age of 8, will need check 10.

	appointments".  Suitable supervision arrangements must be in place. These have to be fully documented, agreed with the member of staff concerned, and regularly reviewed to test their effectiveness in practice. Information about the checks must be included on the SCR.	
2.3 Supply Staff employed by an agency	Staff employed and paid by an agency.  Written confirmation must be obtained from the agency that it has carried out the checks on an individual that the school would otherwiseperform, and the school must receive a copy of the enhanced criminal records certificate, from the agency before the person is due to begin work at the school.  The written confirmation, (or equivalent) of the above and a copy of theID should be forwarded to the Personnel Department once completed inorder that it may be checked during an ISI inspection.  NB Agency Staff should have a new Criminal Records Check every three years.  Information about checks 1 - 11 on supply staff must be entered onto the single central register.	1-9/10/11 as appropriate. The Supply Agency checklist (or equivalent i.e. confirmation email) must be completed by the Agency and sent to the School with a copy of the enhanced criminal record disclosure prior to the individual starting. Identity Check (1 above) on arrival must be done by the member of staff who has arranged the appointment, who must see a photograph of the individual, evidence of the individuals address and date of birth and the original enhanced criminal records certificate. All the documentation must be forwarded to the Personnel Department.
2.4 Self Employed/ Consultant	Includes Visiting Music Teachers and Freelance Instructors.  The definition of 'staff' according to the ISI is: Any person working at the school whether under a contract of employment, under a contract for services or otherwise than under a contract, but does not include supply staff or a volunteer. The following are included: teachers, peripatetic teachers and coaches, part-time staff, students, administrative staff, caretakers and other ancillary staff, staff appointed from overseas, pupils paid to work at the school, (for example as after-school carers).  Therefore if an individual is self-employed, the School must perform the same checks as it would for an employee because no other body/agency can demonstrate that the appropriate checks have been made.	1-9 Self Employed/ Consultants in schools, (including regular volunteers and students), who work in early years provision and those who provide out of school care for children who have not attained the age of 8, will need check 10. Staff appointed to all posts of a leadership nature will need check 11.

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	Information about checks 1, 2, 3, 3.1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 and checks 10 and 11, where appropriate on self-employed staff and contractors must be entered onto the single central register.	
2.5 Trainee/Student Teacher	Where trainee teachers are fee-funded, it is the responsibility of the initial teacher training providers to carry out the necessary checks i.e. these individuals will have been checked by their supplying university therefore it is not necessary to see their disclosure or complete checks apart from identity.  If they are not fee funded and salaried by the school, the same checks as for an employee must be completed.  Trainee Teachers do not need to be entered onto the single central register.	Identity Check (1 above) on arrival must be done by the member of staff who has arranged the placement for the student and then the documentation to confirm the ID check has been done must be forwarded to Personnel.
2.6 Volunteers	Unpaid position within School. A volunteer is: a person who performs an activity which involves spending time, unpaid (except for travel and other approved out-of-pocket expenses), doing something which aims to benefit someone (individuals or groups) other than or in addition to close relatives.  The checks required will be dependent upon whether the individual will be	Regular Volunteers will generally require checks 1, 3, 3.1, 5, no concerns raised by others in the school community, plus an informal interview.
	volunteering regularly and in regulated activity – see definition above. NB If the volunteer will carry out personal care this is always regulated activity.  Those colleagues engaging volunteers should carry out an informal risk assessment and work through the checklist at Appendix 2 below.	Following completion of the Bolton School Regulated Activity Checklist, if they are in Regulated Activity i.e. unsupervised, they also require a check of the Children's Barred List
	In summary, the advice is to make decisions about the need for additional, discretionary checks on the basis of an informal risk assessment in relation to the person, the work, the vulnerability of the children and the situation. These could include, for example: references, an informal interview, and checking with the school community for any concerns.	(no. 2 above)
	'One-off' volunteers, for day outings, school concerts and such would not require vetting checks but they should not be unsupervised and must not undertake any kind of personal care.	

	Volunteers who have been subject to vetting checks should be included on the single central register of appointments.	
2.7 Employees of third parties (visiting professionals)	Individuals working at the school on a regular basis but employed by a third party for example, psychologists, nurses, dentists, and other public sector staff, should have been checked by their employing organisation, whether LA, Primary Care Trust or Strategic Health Authority. It is not necessary for the school to see their disclosure as appropriate checks should have been carried out. However, this should be confirmed in writing by the employing organisation prior to them starting and their identity needs to be checked when an individual arrives to ensure imposters do not gain access to children.  The same rules apply to CCF instructors, sports referees and equivalent professionals supplied by a central body.  If they are not working on a regular basis the employing organisation should still confirm that the full range of checks has been carried out <b>except</b> barred list and criminal records check. Suitable supervision arrangements must be in place. These have to be fully documented, agreed with the member of staff concerned, and regularly reviewed to test their effectiveness in practice. A check of their identity on arrival must also be completed.  Information about the checks must be included on the SCR.	Regular Visiting Professionals: 1 to 9 and 10/11 as appropriate.  The Supply Agency checklist (or equivalent i.e. confirmation email) must be completed by the third party organisation and sent to the School prior to the individual starting. Identity Check (1 above) on arrival must be done by the member of staff who has arranged the appointment and all the documentation forwarded to the Personnel Department.  Non-regular Visiting Professionals: Identity check on arrival as per above plus confirmation from the employing organisation that checks 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, 10/11 as appropriate.
2.8 Visitors	The school does not have the right to request criminal records and barred list checks or ask to see a copy of the criminal records certificate for visitors (e.g. children's relatives or other visitors attending a sports day, visitors to the head/other staff or those who have only brief contact with children in the presence of a teacher; visitors carrying out repairs or servicing equipment; pupils aged under 16 on work experience or similar; those on the school site when pupils are not present; students (pupils) aged eighteen or over studying as pupils).	No vetting checks required but inspectors will discuss the relevant procedures with the school and review a sample of records.
	Professional judgement should be used to decide the need to escort or	

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Single Central Register – Not applicable.  The checks required will be dependent upon whether the contractor will be in regulated activity – see definition above.  The employing organisation of the contractor, or in the case of a self-employed contractor, the individual or a representative of their professional association will need to complete either the Long Term Pre-Appointment Checklist or the Short Term Pre-Appointment Checklist	Contractors working at the school on a long term basis will need to be subject to the same checks as school staff i.e. 1 to 9, 10/11 as appropriate.  Written confirmation that this has
in regulated activity – see definition above.  The employing organisation of the contractor, or in the case of a self-employed contractor, the individual or a representative of their professional association will need to complete either the Long Term Pre- Appointment	the school on a long term basis will need to be subject to the same checks as school staff i.e. 1 to 9, 10/11 as appropriate. Written confirmation that this has
UNLESS the contractor is to be supervised by a member of Bolton School staff or another person/employee of a contractor who has had all the checks outlined above at 2.1.  NB Supervision of Contractors must be "regular and day to day" and "reasonable in all the circumstances to ensure the protection of children".  In the case of a short term contractor who will not be supervised, before they start work, the school must receive written confirmation from the company, or in the case of a self-employed contractor a representative from their professional association (using the checklist referred to above) that an enhanced DBS check with a check of the Children's Barred List has been	happened will need to be provided by the employing organisation prior to the individual starting work.  Identity Check (1 above) on arrival must be done by the member of staff who has engaged the contractor and all the documentation forwarded to the Personnel Department.
In the case of a long term contractor, who may have unsupervised access to children, <b>before they start work</b> , the school must receive written confirmation from the company, or in the case of a self-employed contractor a representative from their professional association (using the checklist referred to above) that all the relevant checks as outlined in 2.1 above have been undertaken and the school must check photographic identification of the contractor on arrival at the school.	
	or another person/employee of a contractor who has had all the checks outlined above at 2.1.  NB Supervision of Contractors must be "regular and day to day" and "reasonable in all the circumstances to ensure the protection of children".  In the case of a short term contractor who will not be supervised, before they start work, the school must receive written confirmation from the company, or in the case of a self-employed contractor a representative from their professional association (using the checklist referred to above) that an enhanced DBS check with a check of the Children's Barred List has been undertaken and the school must check photographic identification of the contractor on arrival at the school.  In the case of a long term contractor, who may have unsupervised access to children, before they start work, the school must receive written confirmation from the company, or in the case of a self-employed contractor a representative from their professional association (using the checklist referred to above) that all the relevant checks as outlined in 2.1 above have been undertaken and the school must check photographic identification of

Pre-Employment Checks and Vetting document.	
The written confirmation and a copy of the ID should be forwarded to the Personnel Department once completed in order that it may be checked during an ISI inspection.	
In these cases, the school must ensure that their contract with the company provides for the required checks on staff to be completed by the company.	
Contractors who have been subject to vetting checks should be included on the single central register of appointments.	
NB: Separate bespoke documentation is available for Coach Operators.	
The 'proprietor' is the person or body of persons responsible for the management of the school and includes individual proprietors or formally constituted boards of governors, directors or trustees. For registration purposes the Chair of the Board of Governors is treated as the Proprietor and they are responsible for ensuring that all other members of the proprietorial group have been subject to the checks outlined below.  To date on the basis that Governors of Bolton School are encouraged to access the school regularly and without supervision they are normally classed as being in regulated activity and therefore a barred list check is completed. On the appointment of a new Governor the Clerk and Treasurer would undertake an assessment to determine whether the individual will be in regulated activity.  Information about checks 1, 3, 3.1, 4, 11 (and 9 if appropriate [but most unlikely!) must be entered onto the single central register.	1, 3, 3.1, 4, 11  NB The DBS application for the Proprietor must be countersigned by the DfE before being sent to the DBS.  Following completion of the Bolton School Regulated Activity Checklist, if they are in Regulated Activity i.e. unsupervised, they also require a check of the Children's Barred List (no. 2).  Completion of the Trustee Eligibility declaration to confirm that they are not disqualified from acting as a charity trustee.
	,
level unless the individual also had responsibility for regularly caring for, training, supervising or being in sole charge of children.  Information about checks 1, 3, 3.1, 4, 11 (and 9 if appropriate [but most	1, 3, 3.1, 4, 11 Following completion of the Bolton School Regulated Activity Checklist, if they are in Regulated Activity i.e. unsupervised, they also require a
	The written confirmation and a copy of the ID should be forwarded to the Personnel Department once completed in order that it may be checked during an ISI inspection.  In these cases, the school must ensure that their contract with the company provides for the required checks on staff to be completed by the company.  Contractors who have been subject to vetting checks should be included on the single central register of appointments.  NB: Separate bespoke documentation is available for Coach Operators.  The 'proprietor' is the person or body of persons responsible for the management of the school and includes individual proprietors or formally constituted boards of governors, directors or trustees. For registration purposes the Chair of the Board of Governors is treated as the Proprietor and they are responsible for ensuring that all other members of the proprietorial group have been subject to the checks outlined below.  To date on the basis that Governors of Bolton School are encouraged to access the school regularly and without supervision they are normally classed as being in regulated activity and therefore a barred list check is completed. On the appointment of a new Governor the Clerk and Treasurer would undertake an assessment to determine whether the individual will be in regulated activity.  Information about checks 1, 3, 3.1, 4, 11 (and 9 if appropriate [but most unlikely]) must be entered onto the single central register.  NB Between 01/09/03 and 30/04/07 CRB checks could be at the standard level unless the individual also had responsibility for regularly caring for, training, supervising or being in sole charge of children.

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		check of the Children's Barred List (no. 2)
		Completion of the Trustee Eligibility declaration to confirm that they are not disqualified from acting as a charity trustee.
Casual Bar and Waiting workers for BSSL Events	Providing this group of staff work in accordance with BSSL Events Supervision Policy for Casual Bar and Waiting workers, they are not considered to be working in a Specified Establishment or in Regulated Activity therefore not all of the checks need to be completed and the names and details of these workers do not need to be included on the Single Central Register.	1, 4, 5, 6 & 8. (Two references will be requested and a minimum of one will obtained.)

Accompanying Forms/Templates: Checklist for work BEFORE the DBS/Overseas Check is received

Supply Agency Checklist

Regulated Activity Checklist (Volunteers/Governors)

Contractors (long term) Pre-appointment Checks Confirmation Contractors (short term) Pre-appointment Checks Confirmation

Staff Suitability Declaration

**Appendix 1:** When checks need to have been completed by

ALWAYS prior to start date:		If Criminal Records clearance has not been received (DBS or Overseas) the following must ALSO be completed prior to start date:	
Check	Table 1 ref. no.	Check	Table 1 ref. no.
Identity	1	The 'Checklist for work BEFORE the DBS is received' form.	
Children's Barred List	2		
Application for Enhanced Criminal Records Check through the DBS needs to have been made.	3		
Any relevant overseas criminal records check must have been completed. Teaching staff who have taught abroad must also provide a letter of professional standing from overseas.	3.1		
Right to work in UK	4		
Two references	5		
Employment history	6		
Certificates to demonstrate relevant qualifications	7		
Medical Fitness	8		
Prohibition from teaching	9		
Disqualification from Childcare including by association	10		
Barred from taking part in the Management of an Independent School	11		
Online Searches	12		
Disqualification from acting as a charity trustee or senior manager	13		

Please note that the EYFS continues to include the provision that providers must not allow people whose suitability has not been checked, including through a criminal records check, to have unsupervised contact with children being cared for. Where a new member of staff starts work before the disclosure is available, the school must ensure that the person is supervised at all times, all other checks (including barred list) have been completed satisfactorily and the inspectors will ensure that recruitment procedures are otherwise robust. This additional provision applies to Beech House, the Nursery and Kidzone.

**Appendix 2:** Vetting Checks on Volunteers

